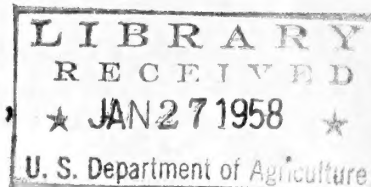


62

[1958]

LIST OF SEEDS

NEW, RARE AND UNUSUAL varieties of flowers, Vegetables, fruits, shrubs, trees etc. Most of which are imported from collectors in other parts of the world.



There are many difficulties involved in locating, buying and importing seeds from other countries. Many unforeseen delays and much redtape. We therefore compile these lists of available seed as it arrives, instead of cataloging at one time all of the varieties we expect to have to offer. If you are interested in receiving our additional lists please let us know.

PRICE PER PACKET OF SEED. (unless otherwise stated in list.)
50¢ per packet. Minimum order of \$1.00
Seven Packets for \$3.00 Twelve Packets for \$5.00

Payment in the form of check or money order should accompany order. To be on the safe side, please do not send cash or stamps. Please do not ask us to send C.O.D.. As there are a few dishonest people we have had to make this a rule.

California Customers... Please include 4% State Sales Tax.

All seed orders are forwarded via regular mail or parcel post prepaid. If you desire them via airmail please include 5¢ per packet additional.

Substitutions. We do not substitute unless you tell us that we may. As our stock of many of the varieties of these seeds is very limited, we appreciate your listing any substitute varieties that you may want.

SPECIAL GROWING INSTRUCTIONS are included in this list when they are available. In some instances information regarding growing procedure is not available.

Guarantee. We use caution in making our purchases and buy only from collectors whom we believe to be dependable and honest. However we are frank in saying that there is a small chance of mistakes in the identification of some of the newer and rare varieties. We do our best to insure accuracy but we give no warranty, express or implied as to the variety or productivity of any of these seeds. Liability in all instances is limited to the purchase price of the seed. If the purchaser does not accept the seeds on these terms they may be returned.

CAL. L. DAILEY
Collector and importer of rare and unusual
SEEDS

62 Shell Road
Mill Valley
California
U. S. A.

LIST OF SPECIES

Wet, moss and natural vegetation of the
vegetation, forest, shrubs, etc. Most of
which are collected from the same
parts of the world.

There are many lists published elsewhere in the botanical and zoological
literature. Some of these lists are very old and some are very new.
We have collected these lists of species and have arranged them in
of categories. We have also collected the names of the species and have
if you are interested in receiving our list, please send us
Name.

PLANT AND ANIMAL SPECIES. (Names of species are listed in Latin.)
The list is divided into two parts: one for plants and one for animals.
Every specimen is numbered 1 to 1000.

There is a list of names of species of plants and animals. The list
is divided into two parts: one for plants and one for animals.
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CALIF. BATTLE
Collector and importer of rare and unusual
plants

62 Shell Road
Mill Valley
California

ACACIAS.

These are dwarf to medium size flowering trees, usually with feathery foliage, which flower profusely during spring and summer months. The flower sprays are sometimes sold by florists as Mimosa. Some varieties are sweet scented. All are attractive.

- A. Acuminata. The so-called Raspberry Jam tree of Western Australia, so called because of the scent of the wood. A fine species with golden, rod-like flowers in summer. Does exceptionally well in dry areas. grows to 30ft. in height.
- A. Acinacea. The Gold-Dust Acacia. A Dainty dwarf tree 5 to 8 feet in height.
- A. Baileyana. The well known Cootamundra Wattle Tree. Found in its wild state in a very restricted area. If one third of the growth is cut away immediately after flowering, the life of the tree is prolonged and the appearance enhanced. Silvery pinnate leaves, spring flowering. 20 to 30 feet.
- A. Brachybotrya. A fine dry area shrub with silvery foliage and golden flowers. Dwarf growing, only 5 to 6 feet in height.
- A. Dealbata. The Silver Wattle of Queensland, Australia. One of the finest for mild climates. Mealy white stems with yellow flowers in the spring. Fern-like leaves. Hardy in California and southern states. to 30 feet in height.
- A. Decora. A lovely little shrub for dry warm areas, golden flowers. to 5 feet.
- A. Drummondii. One of the most beautiful little shrubs imaginable with soft pinnate leaves and golden finger-like flowers. 4 to 5 feet in height.
- A. Longifolia. The Sydney Golden Wattle. Compact bushes with lemon yellow rod-like flowers and long narrow leaves like a weeping willow. Needs water in Summer. to 15 ft.
- A. Myrtifolia. A very nice dwarf species with cream flowers. to 5 ft. in height.
- A. Notabilis. A handsome species for hot dry areas. to 12 ft. in height.
- A. Prominens. The Golden Rain Wattle Tree. A beautiful thing. to 15 feet.
- A. Pruinosa. The Frosty Wattle. A beautiful spreading variety. A quick grower and a gem where summer watering is available. Summer flowering. to 20ft.
- A. Pycnantha. The Golden Wattle. A upright small hardy tree. Large deep golden flowers Will grow in Exposed positions.
- A. Sowdeni. An attractive 4 foot dwarf for dry areas.
- A. Spectabilis. Showy golden flower sprays are longer than the leaves, foliage is most graceful and feathery. Grows to 10 feet in height.
- A. Suaveolens. A sweet scented variety. Needs moisture year round. Cream flowers in late Autumn and winter instead of during spring and summer as most other acacias. Grows to 6 ft. in height, can be kept lower.

Abutilon Auritum. Flowering Maple. A dense soft leaved shrub, flowers golden yellow, bell shaped. Easy culture. grows to 6 feet in height. Native to Brazil.

Atalaya Hemiglauc. (Whitewood) A good Ornamental tree to 30 feet in height. Related to Citrus. Bears Ornamental berries or fruit. Good for hot-dry Areas.

Alphitonia Excelsa. A fine round headed tree for Mild areas. Flowers are Cream colored. Grows 30 to 40 feet in height.

Boronia Megastigma. A very sweet scented flowering Shrub. Requires sheltered, semi-shady position with plenty of moisture but well drained soil. A sandy loam is best. will not stand very cold or very hot winds. Unusual foliage. A challenge to grow but worth while in mild areas.

(Cultural Notes.)

Before planting seeds of most Accacias and Many Eucalyptus, they should be soaked in water at 140 to 150 degrees above zero (F.) This will soften the hard outer layer and quick germination will result. If your seeds have been planted without this hot water treatment and have not germinated within a reasonable time, hot water not over 170 degrees may be poured over the soil where they are planted.

Seeds of Clanthus Speciosa require the same treatment, otherwise they will not germinate. Many other hot climate shrubs, trees and plants require this heat treatment of the seeds to insure germination. Be careful not to have the water too hot or you will cook the seeds and kill them.

These are found in medium size flowering trees, usually with feathery foliage which flower profusely during spring and summer months. The flower sprays are sometimes sold by florists as Mimosa. Some varieties are sweet scented. All are attractive.

- A. Australis. The so-called Raspberry tree of Western Australia, so called because of the scent of the wood. A fine species with golden, red-like flowers in summer. Does exceptionally well in dry areas. Grows to 30 ft. in height.
- A. Asiatica. The Gold-Dust Acacia. A dainty dwarf tree 5 to 8 feet in height.
- A. Balanocoma. The well known Queensland Wattle tree. Found in the wild state in a very restricted area. It is one of the trees in the growth is cut away immediately after flowering, the life of the tree is prolonged and the appearance enhanced. Silvery pinnae leaves, spring flowering. 20 to 30 feet.
- A. Fendleri. A fine dry area shrub with silvery foliage and golden flowers. Dwarfy growing, only 5 to 6 feet in height.
- A. Decurrens. The Silver Wattle of Queensland, Australia. One of the finest for mild climates. Nearly white stems with yellow flowers in the spring. Four-like leaves. Hardy in California and southern states. To 30 feet in height.
- A. Bicolor. A lovely little shrub for dry warm areas. Golden flowers. To 5 feet.
- A. Drummondii. One of the most beautiful little shrubs imaginable with soft pinnae leaves and golden finger-like flowers. To 5 feet in height.
- A. Longistylis. The Sydney Golden Wattle. Compact bushes with lemon yellow reddish flowers and long narrow leaves like a weeping willow. Needs water in summer. To 15 ft.
- A. Myrtifolia. A very nice dwarf species with cream flowers. To 5 ft. in height.
- A. Notabilis. A handsome species for hot dry areas. To 15 ft. in height.
- A. Prominens. The Golden Rain Wattle tree. A beautiful thing. To 15 feet.
- A. Fendleri. The pretty Wattle. A beautiful spreading variety. A quick grower and a gem where summer watering is available. Summer flowering. To 30 ft.
- A. Pyramidalis. The Golden Wattle. A upright small hardy tree. Large deep golden flowers. Will grow in exposed positions.
- A. Rowlandi. An attractive 4 foot dwarf for dry areas.
- A. Spectabilis. Snowy golden flower sprays are longer than the leaves. It is most spectacular and feathery. Grows to 10 feet in height.
- A. Stanwelliana. A sweet scented variety. Needs moisture year round. Green flowers in late autumn and winter instead of during spring and summer as most other acacias. Grows to 6 ft. in height, can be kept lower.

Abundant in Australia. Flowering Maple. A dense soft leaved shrub, flowers golden yellow. Well shaped. Heavy culture. Grows to 6 feet in height. Native to Brazil.

Atalapha Nigricans (Whitewood). A good ornamental tree to 30 feet in height. Related to Citrus. Bears ornamental berries or fruit. Good for hot-dry areas.

Alphitonia Excelsa. A fine robust headed tree for mild areas. Flowers are cream colored. Grows 30 to 40 feet in height.

Boronia Megastigma. A very sweet scented flowering shrub. Reproductive shooting, semi-shady position with plenty of moisture but well drained soil. A sandy loam is best. Will not stand very cold or very hot winds. Unusual foliage. Encouraged to grow but worth while in mild areas.

(General Notes.)

Before planting seeds of most Acacias and many Eucalyptus, they should be soaked in water at 140 to 150 degrees above zero (F.). This will soften the hard outer layer and quick germination will result. If your seeds have been painted without this hot water treatment and have not germinated within a reasonable time, hot water not over 170 degrees may be poured over the soil where they are planted.

Seeds of Citranus Species require the same treatment, otherwise they will not germinate. Many other hot climate shrubs, trees and plants require this heat treatment of the seeds to insure germination. Be careful not to have too water too hot or you will cook the seeds and kill them.

CALLISTEMON. Australian Bottle-Brush Shrubs. Very showy and decorative, producing flower clusters that have the appearance of colored bottle-brushes. Heights shown are natural growth. May be pruned after flowering to keep them lower and shapely. Hardy to 20 degrees above zero (F°). These will take hot weather with a minimum of water.

C. Brachyandrus. The Mallee Bottle-brush. A striking species with small red brushes, dusted with gold. Flowers several times each year, 8 to 10 feet in height.

C. Lilacinus variety **Carmina.** This seed is from one of the late Mr. Edwin Ashbys hybrids. A lovely shrub with carmine flower spikes dusted with gold, to 5 feet. Plants from this seed will probably vary in height and color.

C. Lanceolatus. This is a showy little tree, especially for warm dryer areas. Flowers are a brilliant crimson, to 8 feet in height.

C. Lineaus. A narrow leaved species with red flowers, very hardy, 5 to 8 feet.

C. Linearifolius. A garden variety of *Calistemon Rigidus*. Robust species with large red brushes. Grows to 10 feet.

C. Speciosus. A showy red flowering species with very large brushes.

C. Phoeniceus. A fire red species from Western Australia. Needs summer moisture and a moist situation, to 8 feet.

C. Violaceus. A tall dense growing shrub with violet flower spikes. Grows to 12 feet in height. Possibly a color variation of *C. Rigidus*. May vary from seed.

CALOTHAMNUS SANGUINUS. The net-brush shrub. Somewhat similar to *Callistemons* but the flower spikes are like fish-net brushes and born along the stems instead of at the tips of the branches as the above. Blood-red flowers, unusual and attractive. grows to 6 or 8 feet in height.

CASSIAS. These Australian Shrubs have not been given the space they deserve in public and private gardens. All are hardy and decorative shrubs with yellow flowers. Prune after flowering. Will stand heat and dry conditions. Soak seed in hot water.

Cassia Eromophila. Australian *Daphne*. The finest of the Dwarf Cassias. Compact and floriferous shrub, needs a well drained position. Do not disturb the soil at the roots. Cut well back after flowering. 5 to 8 feet in height.

Cassia Australia. 3 foot shrub with deep yellow flowers.

Cassia Bicapsularis. From the west Indies, also Australia. Evergreen shrub to 6 ft.

Cassia Brewsteri. This is a 20 foot tree with yellow flowers, good for very dry areas.

Cassia Artemisioides. A very fine dwarf. Needs good drainage, withstands drought. 4 ft.

CASUARINA. Australian Oaks. So called because of the similarity of the wood. Will grow where many of our native trees will not survive. Withstands very hot dry conditions. Leaves needle like, very light and airy foliage, weeping habit. Flowers are short reddish spikes in late fall.

Casuarina Glauca. A very ornamental tree to 40 feet, needs 15 inches of rain yearly.

Casuarina Nana. A dwarf variety, otherwise similar to above.

Chamaelaucium Uncinatum (GERALDTON WAX PLANTS.) Beautiful shrubs with exquisite pink or red flowers with heavy wax-like texture. Wonderful cut-flowers. Prune hard after flowering. Use Manure very sparingly. Must have light sandy soil with perfect drainage.

CLIANTHUS SPECIOSUS. (syn, *Formosus*, *dampieri*.) STURTS DESERT PEA. Tender half-trailing shrubs, 2 to 4 ft. in height, with sweet pea like flowers from 2 to 4 inches in diameter. usually crimson or scarlet with a black-purple area in the center of the flower. Long tap-rooted, does not like transplanting but should be started in 6 inch long tubes of cardboard and set with the tubes into the ground where wanted. Soak seed one hour in water at 130 degrees F. before planting. Native to very hot dry country. Color variations occasionally show up when grown from seed. very beautiful and unusual.

CUPRESSUS SEMPERVIVENS. Pencil like growth in deep green, with deep root systems these are able to endure hot, dry conditions. This tree is very useful for architectural and landscape effects of all kinds, useful as tub plants, for porches and avenues. Evergreen conifer. 20 ft. or more when mature but slow growing. very hardy.

Plants from this seed will probably very infrequently and possibly never hybridize. Slightly shrubby with corolla flower almost dotted with gold to 15 feet tall. C. Michauxii var. *var. Guttata*. This seedling resembles the latter. Brown, leaves dotted with gold. Inflorescence several times as long as 8 to 10 feet in height. C. *prostrata*. The Miller Hotel-branch. A striking species with small red flowers; to 20 degrees above zero (F.). Seed will take root whether with a minimum of water. Natural flower. It is a good effect. Flowering to 10 feet. Hardy. Lower flowers that have the appearance of colored dotted branches. Height about 10 feet. DALLINGTON. Australian Hotel-branch. Very showy and decorative, producing

[illegible]

in height. Usually a color variation of 10-15 degrees Fahrenheit in height. Usually a color variation of 10-15 degrees Fahrenheit in height.

the tips of the brachios as the white blood-red (purple) and yellowish-green
grows to 6 or 8 feet in height.

QASIA: These American flowers have been given the name they deserve in public and private gardens, and are fairly abundant in the wild. They are yellow flowers, and after flowering will produce a very beautiful, dark, reddish-brown color.

Cassia bicolorata: This is a biennial with yellow flowers. It is found in the same places as the other species. It is a very common plant in the region. It is a very hardy plant and can grow in a variety of soils. It is a very useful plant for many purposes. It is a very common plant in the region. It is a very hardy plant and can grow in a variety of soils. It is a very useful plant for many purposes.

Will grow up to 100 feet tall. Leaves are dark green, glossy, and have a waxy texture. The plant is very hardy and can tolerate a wide range of soil conditions. It is a very popular plant for indoor and outdoor use.

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

CERATOPETALUM GUMMIFERUM. Called the Christmass bush in Australia where it flowers in December while they are having their Summer. Flowers here in June with white flowers which are succeeded with red calyxes. Highly ornamental for cutting. Tall shrubs which should be planted in mild areas where not exposed to heavy winds.

Ceris Siliquastrum. An interesting little tree which blooms in spring before the leaves appear. Masses of small pink pea-shaped flowers cover the tree, including the trunk and limbs, followed by large quantities of brown seed pods. The leaves are heart shaped and fine textured. Sometimes called the Judas tree. Very resistant to draught and heat and easily raised from seed. Hardy in many parts of this country.

Eremocitrus G lauca. Australian Lime. A fine tall shrub for warm areas. The fruit makes delicious drinks and conserves. Slow growing, it likes heavy soil.

ERENOPHILA MACULATA. An exquisite dry area shrub with red flowers quaintly spotted inside. Very bushy and compact. 3 feet in height.

EUCALYPTUS. We offer additional varieties of dwarf and unusual Eucalyptus below as well as ten additional varieties on the next page.

Euc. Cloeziana. A new dwarf form with colored foliage, very ornamental. This is one of the best Dwarf Eucalyptus.

Euc. Ficifolia. The Famous red-flowering gum of western australia. Does well in mild climates. For best results it should be grown with more than one stem, Varies from seed the flowers may be white, red, pink or cream, grows to 20 feet, usually lower.

Euc. Macrocarpa. Coolgardie Rose. The largest flowered of all Eucalyptus. Brilliant Red flowers up to five inches across followed by very decorative seed pods, should be grown as a mallee with more than one stem. Needs good drainage and likes heat, large very glaucous leaves. grows to 8 or 10 feet in height.

Euc. Megacornata. A new ornamental from Western Australia, bronze green flowers. Grows to 30 feet in height.

Euc. Erythrocorys. The Illyarrie. A handsome small tree with large red buds followed by yellow flowers. From Western Australia. Grows to 15 or 20 feet.

Euc. Preissiana. One of the best flowering gums from Western Australia. Large golden yellow flowers followed by ornamental seed pods. 8 to 10 feet in height.

Euc. Torquata. The Coral Gum. A lovely little tree with orange or red flowers. Will flower at two or three years of age. May be grown in large pots or tubs. Hardy. Varies in height but may grow up to 12 feet. A beautiful thing in flower.

HIBISCUS TILIACIUS. An evergreen shrub for mild areas, large yellow flowers. to 15 ft.

HAKEA LAURINA. The Pincushion tree of Western Australia. A very attractive small tree 10 to 15 feet in height Covered with crimson and cream flowers in early spring. will stand heat and drought, needs good drainage.

Jacaranda Mimosaefolia. A beautiful evergreen tree with fine feathery foliage for Mild Areas, covered with masses of blue tecoma-shaped flowers in summer. Plants are tender while young, will stand light frosts when established and well grown. to 20 ft.

Leptospermum Citratum. The Lemon scented TEA-TREE of New South Wales and Queensland A dense growing tree up to 25 feet with 1 to 2 inch leaves strongly scented. easy from seed. needs mild areas as it is fairly tender.

MELALEUCAS. Called the honey myrtles or paper-bark tee trees. These are very decorative shrubs for warm temperate regions. They are drought resistant, Will stand hard pruning and are better for it, evergreen.

Mel. Elliptica. With large carmine bottle-brush like flowers to 3 inches long. leaves with grayish hue. to 10 feet. likes sandy soils.

Mel. Wilsonii. With purple flowers borne along the stems. to 4 or 6 ft in height.

Mel. Hypericifolia. One of the best. Red flowers along the stems. 6 to 10 feet.

Mel. Crassifolia. A free flowering variety with small Mauve colored Bushes. to 5 feet.

Mel. Ericifolia. A fast growing form with white flowers. will stand hard conditions and high winds. Will also grow in wet places. Grows to 12 feet but easily kept lower by pruning. Native to Southern Victoria in Australia, it will stand more cold than others.

EREMOPHILA MACULATA. An exquisite dry area shrub with red flowers faintly spotted inside. Very bushy and compact. 5 feet in height.

well as ten additional varieties on the next page.

of the best West European.

The flowers may be white, pink or cream, grown to 20 feet, usually lower. Climacter. For best results it should be grown with more than one stem. Yields from seed. Mrs. Rickolls. The famous red-flowering gum of western Australia. Good well in mild.

very glaucous leaves, grows to 8 or 10 feet in height.
Grown as a native with more than one stem. Heads large
Red flowers up to five inches across followed by very decorative seed pods, should be
New. Macrocarpa. Good garden plant. The largest flowers of all *Macrocarpa*. Plants

... ..

by yellow flowers. Fruit yellow. Australia. Grows to 10 feet.

yellow flowers followed by greenish red nodes. 8 to 10 feet in height.

Vaxion in height but very close to 18 feet. A beautiful tree. I found
flowers at two or three yards off road, they began in July - it is rather hardy.
This Torontosa, the Coral Oak, is lovely little tree with orange or red flowers. Will

Various in height but may go to 15 feet. A beautiful shrub. L. Timber.

Meib. *Crassifolia*. A tree flowering variety with small

Eucalyptus . This is a large family of trees native to Australia. We list below only a few of the best dwarf ornamental varieties and the very unusual types or those for special growing conditions or purposes. We are expecting seeds of additional varieties, some of which have only recently been discovered and catalogued.

Eucalyptus Erythronema var. Lairdi.

The dwarf form of the Lindsay Gum. beautiful and unusual flowers in red shades in spring. ornamental seed pods. to 8 ft. in height.

Euc. Grossa. One of the best dwarf Euc. large leaves, yellow flowers. slow grower. 6 to 8 ft. in height.

Euc. Niphophila. The snow gum. a small crooked tree for exposed planting on uplands, or near sea coast.

Euc. Maculosa. The red spotted gum. unusual spotted bark. Med. size tree from 30 to 50 ft.

Euc. Spathulata. a lovely very narrow-leaved tree. good for damp places but will grow anywhere except in the northern states. 30 to 40 Ft.

Euc. Blakelyi. A beautiful medium sized tree, useful for planting in damp water logged areas. It is exceptionally fine in bud and flower. spreading growth to 30 to 40 ft. in height.

Euc. Gardnerii. Good tree for slopes. Ornamental or forestry purposes. 20 to 30 ft. Yellow flowers in the spring.

Euc. Megacornuta. A new ornamental species from Western Australia. Bronze-green flowers. to 30 ft. in height.

Euc. Alcegrame. We have the seed but so far have no description of this.

Euc. Diversifolia. A small tree to 25 ft. in height. The leaves of which vary in shape or form. Unusual and ornamental.

Eucalyptus. This is a large family of trees native to Australia. We list below only a few of the best dwarf ornamental varieties and the very unusual types or those for special growing conditions or purposes. We are expecting seeds of additional varieties, some of which have only recently been discovered and catalogued.

Eucalyptus Eucalyptus var. *lanceolata*. The dwarf form of the Lindsay Gum. Beautiful and unusual flowers in red shades in spring. Ornamental seed pods. 2 to 4 ft. in height.

Euc. Grossa. One of the best dwarf *Euc.* for low hedges, yellow flowers. Slow grower. 6 to 8 ft. in height.

Euc. Niphophila. The snow gum. A small evergreen tree for exposed planting on uplands or near sea coast.

Euc. Maculosa. The red spotted gum. Unusual spotted bark. Med. size. Tree from 20 to 30 ft.

Euc. Spatulata. A lovely very narrow-leaved tree. Good for damp places but will grow anywhere except in the northern states. 30 to 40 ft.

Euc. Blakelyi. A beautiful medium sized tree, useful for planting in damp water logged areas. It is exceptionally fine in bud and flower. Spreading growth to 30 to 40 ft. in height.

Euc. Gaudichaudii. Good tree for slopes. Ornamental or forestry purposes. 20 to 30 ft. Yellow flowers in the spring.

Euc. Megacarpa. A new ornamental species from Western Australia. Bronze-green flowers. 20 to 30 ft. in height.

Euc. Alagrawae. We have the seed but so far have no description of this.

Euc. Diversifolia. A small tree to 25 ft. in height. The leaves of which vary in shape or form. Unusual and ornamental.

PETROPHILA SESSLIS. A 6 to 10 foot shrub with pink-gray flowers. Needs well drained position, sandy soil preferred. Called the Cone-bush.

PITTOSPORUM UNDULATUM. Unrivalled as a small shade tree or tall hedge. Will stand some frost. Scented flowers followed by orange colored berries. Easy from seed.

OCHRA MILTIPLORA. A west African shrub, 3 to 6 feet in height, yellow flowers in spring, the calyx turning red in summer enclosing 4 green berries which turn black, in beautiful contrast to the red calyx. Needs a warm location, Mild Temperature.

POINCIANA GILLIESII. The Bird of Paradise or Flamboyant tree. A small tree to 6 feet covered with scarlet and yellow flowers, will not stand heavy frosts. Native to India. Hardy in some Southern States, very showy and conspicuous. Large seeds, fast growing.

STENOCARPUS SINNATUS. A fine tree to 30 feet. Needs plenty of summer moisture. Bears large bright red flowers rayed like the spokes of a wheel. Called the FIRE-WHEEL tree. From Semi-tropical Australia. Needs mild climate.

SPATHADA CAMPANULATA. The African Tulip Tree. 20 to 30 feet in height. A beautiful flowering tree of the tropical sections. Curved buds are brilliant green, followed by large trumpets of orange scarlet, 5 inches across, the irregular fringed mouths are margined with yellow. Large Pinnate leaves. Flowers on top of the tree. Tender.

THUYA ORIENTALIS. Oriental Cypress. From China and Korea. Known as the Broad leafed Cypress. Makes a beautiful small tree to 20 or 25 feet in height. Evergreen. Hardy.

THRYPTOMENE MITCHELLIANA. (Syn. T. Calycina) Heath Myrtle. A lovely Shrub 5 to 6 feet in height for coastal areas. White flowers in clusters, flowers in mid-winter in Southern California and is good for cutting. Native to Australia, in desert areas.

SPARTOTHAMNUS JUNCEUS. A small Australian shrub with masses of orange-red berries in Autumn, to 2 feet in height.

GREVILLEA BANKSII. Sum. G. Fosterii. The white spider flower. 8 to 10 foot shrubs. not frost hardy. needs moisture during summer. Large spider like flowers in white or red shades. Varies from seed.

PHYSALIS PERUVIANA. Easily grown in warm climates with treatment like Tomatoes, this is a fast growing annual which bears berries or fruits $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter all pulp, perfectly round and yellow when ripe. They may be eaten raw but cooked they make the world's best flavored jam or tarts. May be picked twice weekly and bear over a long period. Easily grown from seed. These plants love wood ashes in the soil which helps to improve the flavor of the fruit.

SEQUOIA GIGANTEA. This is seed of our California Giant Redwood Tree. Fast growing when small but slow growing after plants reach a few feet in height. Wants a mild climate which is fairly equable, marked by fogs and cool summer winds. Seeds want a semi-acid soil for best germination.

COCOS WEDDELLIANA. A dwarf Palm belonging to the coconum family. Grows only 4 to 7 foot in height. Gracefully divided leaves. Very ornamental. Quite hardy in mild climates. Good for home or greenhouse decoration. Easy to grow from seed.

Celosia. Pampas plume. Decorative garden annuals, feathery plumes of flowers to 3 feet in height. Colors yellow, rose, red, cream, crimson and maroon. Mixed colors.

Lilium Tigrinum. Tiger Lilly. easy from seed orange and black and yellow and black.

Butterfly Iris. Easy from seed. to four foot spikes of butterfly like flowers in white and yellow colors. Separate colors or mixed, may vary from seed.

ANNONAS. This is the Custard Apple of the Tropics. Seed saved from a fine strain which is grown commercially in Queensland. Large seeds easy to start. Only for very mild climates or very large conservatories.

STAGHORN AND ELKHORN FERNS. We have a few plants of these rare ferns which grow like orchids on the sides of trees. If you are interested please write for description and price list with cultural instructions. We do not recommend these for home culture as they require lots of humidity in the surrounding air.

position, sandy soil preferred. Called the Cone-daisy.
PITOPORUS URMUM. Unusually as a small shade tree or tall hedge. Will stand
some frost. Bordered flowers followed by orange colored petals. Easy from seed.
CONA NIPER. A wood African shrub 3 to 6 feet in height. Yellow flowers in
spring, the cavity turning red in summer enclosing a green corolla which turn black
in beautiful contrast to the red calyx. Needs a warm location. Mild Temperatures.
POTICIA GILBERT. The Bird of Paradise of Kimpang. A small tree to 6 feet
covered with scarlet and yellow flowers, will not stand heavy frosts. Native to India.
Hardy in some Southern States, very showy and conspicuous. Large seeds, fast growing.
GEOCARUS SIMUS. A tree to 30 feet. Needs plenty of summer moisture. Some
large bright red flowers, very like the species of a small. Called the KING-MEAL tree.
From Semi-tropical Australia. Needs mild climate.

EPHRAA CANTHART. The African White Tree. So we do not in height. A beautiful
flowering tree of the tropical countries. Grown here and brilliant green, followed by
large trumpet-shaped flowers. 2 inches across. The irregular shaped petals are
marked with yellow. Large limbed leaves. Flowers on top of the tree. Tender.
THUO CANTHART. Oriental species. From China and Japan. Known as the White Tree.
Grows. Makes a beautiful small tree to 10 to 15 feet in height. Hardy.
THYPTERUS NICHOLLA. (Syn. T. Calceol.) Small tree to 6 to 8 feet
in height for coastal areas. White flowers in clusters. A small tree in
Southern California and in some of the islands. In the tropics, it is a small
tree to 10 feet in height. A small tree with large, irregularly shaped leaves.
in autumn, to 2 feet in height.

GRUVAE BRONZ. Syn. G. L. Small tree to 10 feet in height. In the tropics, it is a small
tree to 10 feet in height. A small tree with large, irregularly shaped leaves.
red and white. Various shades.

EPHRAA CANTHART. Small tree to 10 feet in height. In the tropics, it is a small
tree to 10 feet in height. A small tree with large, irregularly shaped leaves.
all purple, mostly a small tree to 10 feet in height. In the tropics, it is a small
tree to 10 feet in height. A small tree with large, irregularly shaped leaves.
a few petals. Small tree to 10 feet in height. In the tropics, it is a small
tree to 10 feet in height. A small tree with large, irregularly shaped leaves.

EPHRAA CANTHART. Small tree to 10 feet in height. In the tropics, it is a small
tree to 10 feet in height. A small tree with large, irregularly shaped leaves.
small but slow growing tree to 10 feet in height. In the tropics, it is a small
tree to 10 feet in height. A small tree with large, irregularly shaped leaves.
which is fairly rapidly growing. In the tropics, it is a small tree to 10 feet in height.

GOOSE NICHOLLA. A small tree to 10 feet in height. In the tropics, it is a small
tree to 10 feet in height. A small tree with large, irregularly shaped leaves.
Good for home or greenhouse. In the tropics, it is a small tree to 10 feet in height.

Colasia. Purple flowers. Deciduous tree to 10 feet in height. In the tropics, it is a small
tree to 10 feet in height. A small tree with large, irregularly shaped leaves.

Alum. Purple flowers. Deciduous tree to 10 feet in height. In the tropics, it is a small
tree to 10 feet in height. A small tree with large, irregularly shaped leaves.

Butterfly tree. Easy from seed. In the tropics, it is a small tree to 10 feet in height.
white and yellow colors. Grown here and brilliant green, followed by large trumpet-shaped flowers.

ANONAS. This is the Queen of the Forest. Small tree to 10 feet in height. In the tropics, it is a small
tree to 10 feet in height. A small tree with large, irregularly shaped leaves.
which is grown commercially in the tropics. Large seeds. In the tropics, it is a small tree to 10 feet in height.

STURGEON AND ELMONTH TREES. We have a few plants of these trees in the tropics. In the tropics, it is a small
tree to 10 feet in height. A small tree with large, irregularly shaped leaves.
which is grown commercially in the tropics. Large seeds. In the tropics, it is a small tree to 10 feet in height.

PLANTS OFFERED.

This year we offer for the first time one year old plants of the following varieties. For description and other information see the listings of seeds offered.

ACACIAS.

BAILEYANA. DEALBATA. Decora. Drummondii. LONGIFOLIA. MYRTIFOLIA. PROMINENS.
SOWDENI. SPECTABILIS. SUAVEULENS. and BRACHYBOTRYA. Also DISCOLOR.

CALLISTEMONS.

DRACHYANDRUS. LANCEOLATUS. LINEAUS.

CASSIA.

BICAPSULARIS.

CASUARINA GLAUCA.

CUPRESSUS SEMPERUIVENS. CERATOPETALUM GUMMIFERUM.

EUCALYPTUS.

CLOEZIANA. FICIFOLIA. MACULOSA. BLAKELYI. GARDNERII. MEGACORNUTA. NIPHOPHILA.
Also Euc. PREISSIANA.

HAKEA LAURINA. JACARANDA MINOSAEFOLIA. LEPTOSPERMUM CITRATUM.

MELALEUCAS. HYPERICIFOLIA. AND MELALEUCA ERICIFOLIA.

PETROPHILA SESSLIS. PITTOSPORUM UNDULATUM. STENOCARPUS SINNATUS.

THUYA ORIENTALIS

COCOS WEDDELLIANA

PRICE on any of the above variety is \$1.00 per plant with a minimum order of \$5.00 for 5 plants of your choice.

SHIPMENT via parcel post-special handling, carrying charges collect or if you enclose \$1.50 additional we will prepay the postage.

Plants are shipped in light weight plastic pots, carefully wrapped in polyethylene plastic bags to prevent drying out enroute.

(As we are located within a few miles of the Pacific Ocean, we do not have much hot weather and therefore can not grow many of the hot desert types of plants which must have hot dry weather.) A number of the varieties offered above will withstand hot dry weather but will also grow where it is cooler.

We also offer a large number of varieties of California Fushias. If you are interested in these please write for our free list.

CAL. L. DAILEY

62 Shell Road

Mill Valley California

This year we offer for the first time one year old plants of the following varieties.

SOLENNI, EPOTABILES, SUAVULENS, and ERADYBOTHY, also DISCOLOR.

DRACHYMBUS. LANCEOLATUS. LINNAEUS. CALLISTEMONIS.

CLASSIFIED BY: [illegible]
 DATE: [illegible]

CUPRESSUS SOUTHERNENSIS, CERRATONETALUM GUTTINERUM, CASUARINA GLAUC.

LAKSA LAURINA . JACARANDA NINOSANTOLIA . IEPHOSPERMUM CITRATUM .
 DIOMIDIA . TIGRIDIOLOA . MAGNOLIOBA . BLAKEIYI . GARDNERII . MEGACODONUTA . MITROPHILIA . EUDALTYPTUS .

HYPERCLOLITE AND HYPERCLOLITE

PETROPHILA BESSLEY, PITTOPOREUM UMBUTUM, SAMOCEBUS SIMMANS.

COCOS WEDDILLIA : THYVA ORIENTALIS

Price on any of the above variety is \$1.00 per plant with a minimum order of \$5.00 for 5 plants of your choice.

SHIPMENT via parcel post-special handling, carrying charges collect or if you include \$1.50 additional, we will prepay the postage.

Plants are shipped in light weight plastic pots, carefully wrapped in polyethylene plastic.
Pots to prevent drying out contents.

(As we are located within a few miles of the Pacific Ocean, we do not have much hot weather and therefore can not grow many of the hot desert types of plants which must have hot dry weather.) A number of the varieties offered above will withstand hot dry weather but will also grow where it is cooler.

We also offer a large number of varieties of California Bushes. If you are interested in these please write for our free list.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-14-01 BY 60322 UCBAW